Jaicorp Welfare Foundation

Directors' Report

Your Directors are pleased to present the Second Annual Report and the audited accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2017.

Financial Summary:

Amount in Rs.

Particulars	**Year Ended 31-03-2017**	Year Ended 31-03-2016
Total Income	--	--
Less:		
Total Expenses	23,546	14,490
Loss before Tax	(23,546)	(14,490)
Less:		
Provision for Tax	--	--
Net Profit/(Loss)	(23,546)	(14,490)

State of the company's Affairs:

Jaicorp Welfare Foundation ("the Company") was incorporated as a wholly owned subsidiary of Jai Corp Limited under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 to carry out CSR activities as per CSR policy adopted by Jai Corp Limited in line with the Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 and also would mainly focused on promoting education including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills specially among children, women, elderly and differently abled and lively hood enhancement projects and such other schemes or activities as may be notified by the Central Government time to time.

In absence of suitable projects no CSR related activity was carried out during the year.

The change in the nature of business, if any:

There was no change in the nature of business of the Company during the year or subsequently.

Amount proposed to be carried to general reserve and recommended to be paid by way of dividend:

Pursuant to Section 8(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, a Company incorporated under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not required pay any dividend.

Extract of Annual Return:

Extract of Annual Return as provided under Section 92(3) of Companies Act, 2013 is given at **Annexure-1.**

Number of meetings of the Board:
4 (Four) meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company were held during the financial year 2016-17.

Details of Directors or Key Managerial personnel who were appointed or have resigned during the year:
Your Company has not appointed any Director or Key Managerial Personnel during the financial year 2016-17.

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Virendra Jain (DIN 00077662) retires by rotation and, being eligible, has offered himself for the re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

No Directors resigned during the year.

Directors' Responsibility Statement:
Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, it is hereby stated that:

(a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2017, the applicable accounting standards read with requirements set out under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departure(s).

(b) appropriate accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and judgments and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year at 31st March, 2017 and of the deficit of the Company for that period.

(c) proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

(d) the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2017 have been prepared on a 'going concern' basis.

(e) internal financial controls have been laid down to be followed by the Company. The internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively.

(f) proper systems have been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Auditors and Auditors' Report:
M/s Pathak H. D. & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai, hold office as statutory auditors of the Company until the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

There are no qualifications, reservations, or adverse remarks or disclaimers made by the Auditors, in their report.

M/s Pathak H. D. & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai expressed their unwillingness to continue as statutory auditors of the Company from the conclusion of ensuing Annual General Meeting vide their letter dated 12th May 2017.

It is now proposed to appoint M/s D T S and Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai having registration number 142412W as a statutory auditors of the Company in place of M/s Pathak H. D. & Associates, Chartered Accountants from the conclusion of ensuing annual general meeting till the conclusion of sixth (6th) annual general meeting of the Company thereafter.

Your Company has received a certificate from M/s D T S and Associates, Chartered Accountants confirming their eligibility for appointment pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 read with section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Audit & Auditors) Rules, 2014.

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013:
The Company has not given any loans, guarantees or investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the financial year 2016-17.

Particulars of Contracts or Arrangements with Related Parties referred to in Sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 in prescribed form:
There are no such contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report:
There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year and date of this Report.

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:
As Company is incorporated under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 and being a non profit making Company, it does not have any manufacturing facility and hence details in respect of conversation of Energy, technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo are not given in the Directors' Report.

Statement indicating development and implementation of a Risk Management Policy for the Company including identification therein of elements of risk, if any, which in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the Company:
In the opinion of the Board, the elements of risk threating the Company's existence is very minimal.

The names of Companies which have become or ceased to be Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures or Associate Companies during the year:

NIL

Details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act and Deposits which are not in compliance with the requirements of Chapter V of the Act:
Company has not accepted any deposit covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 or any deposit not in compliance with the requirements of Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013.

The details of significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future:
No order was passed by any Regulator, Court or Tribunal impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

The details in respect of adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements:
The Company has in place adequate internal control with reference to the financial statements. During the year such controls were put to test and were found to be adequate.

Employee related disclosures:
There are no employee on the pay roll of the Company.

Issue of Equity Shares with differential rights, sweat equity, employee stock option:
Your Company has not issued any share with differential rights, sweat equity or as employee stock option.

Acknowledgement:
Your Directors express their grateful appreciation for the assistance and co-operation received from the Government authorities and the bankers during the year under review.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anand Jain
Chairman
(DIN 00003514)

Place : Mumbai
Date : 09.08.2017

Form No. MGT-9
EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN
As on the financial year ended on 31.03.2017

[Pursuant to section 92(3) *of the Companies Act, 2013* and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. **Registration and Other Details**:

i)	CIN	**U85300MH2015NPL263579**
ii)	Registration Date	**17.04.2015**
iii)	Name of the Company	**Jaicorp Welfare Foundation (Section 8 Company)**
iv)	Category / Sub-Category of the Company	**Public Company, Limited by Shares/Indian Non Government Company. (Section 8 Company)**
v)	Address of the Registered office and contact details	**11-B, Mittal Tower, Free Press Journal Marg, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021.**
vi)	Whether listed company Yes / No	**NO**
vii)	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	**NA**

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

Sl. No.	**Name and Description of main products / services**	**NIC Code of the Product/ service**	**% to total turnover of the company**
1.	Social Work Activities	8890	NA

III PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Sl. No.	**Name and Address of The company**	**CIN/GLN**	**Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate**	**% of shares Held**	**Applicable section**
1.	**JAI CORP LIMITED** Regd. Off: A-3, MIDC Industrial Area, Nanded, Maharashtra, 431603.Corporate Off: 11-B, Mittal Tower, Free Press Journal Marg, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021	L17120MH1985PLC036500	Holding Company	100%	2 (46)

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding :

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (01.04.2016)				No. of Shares held at the end of the year (31.03.2017)				% Change During the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/HUF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) State Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Bodies Corp.	0	50000	50000	100		50000	50000	100	0
e) Banks/FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Any Other…	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total (A) (1)		**50000**	**50000**	**100**		**50000**	**50000**	**100**	
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs-Individuals									
b) Other-Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Banks/FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Any Other…	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total (A) (2)	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	0	**50000**	**50000**	**100**		**50000**	**50000**	**100**	0
B. **Public Shareholding**									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Banks/FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) State Govt.(s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g) FIIs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i) Others (Specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total (B) (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ii) Overseas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) **Individuals**									

i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 1 lakh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (B)(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grand Total (A+B+C)	0	**50000**	**50000**	**100**	0	**50000**	**50000**	**100**	0

(ii) **Shareholding of Promoters**

Sr. No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year (As on 01.04.2016			Shareholding at the end of the year (As on 31.03.2017)			
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	% change in share Holding during the year
1.	Jai Corp Ltd.	0	0	0	50000	100	0	0
	Total	**50000**	**100**	**0**	**50000**	**100**	**0**	**100**

(iii) **Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)**

Sr. No.		Shareholding at the beginning of the year. (As on 01.04.2016)		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company
1.	**Jai Corp Limited**				
	Opening Balance	50000	100	50000	100
	Changes during the year	**NIL**			
	Closing balance			**50000**	**100**

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.		Shareholding at the beginning of the year. (01.04.2016)		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
	For each of the top 10 shareholders	**No. of Shares**	**% of total Shares of the company**	**No. of Shares**	**% of total Shares of the Company**
	At the beginning of the year	**NIL**			
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer /bonus/ sweat equity etc):	**NIL**			
	At the end of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)	**NIL**			

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sr. No.		Shareholding at the beginning of the year.		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
	For Each of the Directors and KMP	**No. of Shares**	**% of total Shares of the company**	**No. of Shares**	**% of total Shares of the Company**
	At the beginning of the year	**NIL**			
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer /bonus/ sweat equity etc):	**NIL**			
	At the end of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)	**NIL**			

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

NIL

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year	NIL			
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)				
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
Addition				
Reduction				
Net Change				
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)				

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A: Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole Time Directors and/or Manager :NIL

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/Manager				Total Amount
1.	Gross Salary					
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act,1961	NIL				
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961					
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961					
2.	Stock Option					
3.	Sweat Equity					
4.	Commission					
	- as % of profit					
	- others, specify…					
5.	Others, please specify…					
	Total (A)	NIL				
	<u>Ceiling as per the Act :</u> Since there is no profit, Part II Section II (A) of Schedule V is applicable.					60,00,000

B. Remuneration to other directors:

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of the Directors		Total Amount
1.	**Independent Directors**			
	Fee for attending board / committee meetings	NIL		NIL
	Commission			
	Others, please specify			
	Total (1)			
2	**Other Non-Executive Directors**			
	Fee for attending board / committee meetings			
	Commission			
	Others, please specify			
	Total (2)	NIL		
	Total B= (1) + (2)	NIL		NIL
	Total Managerial Remuneration			NIL
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act Since there is no profit, Part II Section II (A) of Schedule V is applicable.			6000000

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD
NOT APPLICABLE

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel			
		CEO	**Company Secretary**	**CFO**	**Total**
1.	Gross Salary	--	--	--	--
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-Tax Act, 1961	--	--	--	--
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-Tax Act, 1961	--	--	--	--
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under Section 17(3) Income-Tax Act, 1961	--	--	--	--
2.	Stock Option	--	--	--	--
3.	Sweat Equity	--	--	--	--
4.	Commission	--	--	--	--
	- as % of profit	--	--	--	--
	- others, specify…	--	--	--	--
5.	Others, please specify…	--	--	--	--
	Total	--	--	--	--

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
A. Company					
Penalty	--	--	--	--	--
Punishment	--	--	--	--	--
Compounding	--	--	--	--	--
B. Directors					
Penalty	--	--	--	--	--
Punishment	--	--	--	--	--
Compounding	--	--	--	--	--
C. Other Officers In Default					
Penalty	--	--	--	--	--
Punishment	--	--	--	--	--
Compounding	--	--	--	--	--

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of
Jai Corp Welfare Foundation
(Registered u/s 8 of the Companies Act, 2013)

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of state of affairs (financial position), profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act and read with relevant rules issued thereunder.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company’s preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company’s Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2017, and its loss including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

   a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;

   b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;

   c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder.

e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;

f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in **"Annexure A"**;

g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

    (a) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact of its financial position in its financial statements.

    (b) The Company does not have long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any for material foreseeable losses.

    (c) There has been no amount during the year, which required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

    (d) The disclosure requirement as envisaged in the Notification G.S.R. 308 (E) dated 30th March, 2017 is not applicable to the Company as Company does not have any cash balance during the year ended 31st March 2017.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India, in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in **"Annexure B"** hereto, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For Pathak H.D. & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 107783W

Mukesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No. 43495

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29th May, 2017

<u>"ANNEXURE A" TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT</u>

(Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the members of Jai Corp Welfare Foundation on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Jai Corp Welfare Foundation ("the Company")** as of 31st March, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2017 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

For Pathak H.D. & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 107783W

Mukesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No. 43495

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29th May, 2017

“ANNEXURE B” TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under the heading “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of our report of even date to the members of Jai Corp Welfare Foundation on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017)

i. In respect of its fixed assets:
The Company does not have any fixed assets; hence the provisions of Clause (i) of paragraph 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.

ii. In respect of its inventories:
The Company does not have any Inventories; hence the provisions of Clause (ii) of paragraph 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.

iii. In respect of loans, secured / unsecured,
The Company does not granted any loan, secured or unsecured, to companies, firm or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 and hence the provisions of Clause (iii) of paragraph 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.

iv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered any transaction in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security covered under section 185 and 186 of the Act and hence the provisions of clause (iv) of paragraph 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.

v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit from the public. Therefore, the provisions of clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

vi. According to the information and explanations given to us, cost records pursuant to Companies (Cost Records & Audit) Rules 2014 prescribed by Central Government under section 148 (1) (d) of the Act are not applicable in respect of the activities carried out during the year by the Company and hence the provisions of clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.

vii. According to the information and explanations given to us in respect of statutory dues:

a. The Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such statutory dues were outstanding as at 31st March, 2017 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

b. According to the information and explanation given to us there are no dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise, Value added tax and cess as it applicable, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

viii. Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company did not have any loans from banks, financial institutions or by way of debentures and hence the provisions of clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.

ix. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and no term loan was raised during the year and hence the provisions of clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.

x. Based on our audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and on the basis of information and explanations given by the management, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.

xi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations give to us the Company has not paid/ provided managerial remuneration and hence the provision of clause (xi) of paragraph 3 of the said order, are not applicable to the Company.

xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence the provisions of clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.

xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.

xiv. According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, during the year, the Company has not raised any money by preferential allotment or private placement of share or debentures and hence the provisions of clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.

xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence the provisions of clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.

xvi. In our opinion and according to information and explanations provided to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For Pathak H.D. & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 107783W

Mukesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No. 43495

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29th May, 2017

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JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Balance sheet as at 31st March 2017

(Amount in Rs)

Particulars	Note	As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
I. ASSETS				
1 Current assets				
(a) Financial assets				
i) Cash and bank balances	2	476,339	499,886	-
TOTAL ASSETS		476,339	499,886	-
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
A Equity				
(a) Equity share capital	3	500,000	500,000	-
(b) Other equity	4	(38,036)	(14,490)	-
B Liabilities				
1 Current liabilities				
(a) Financial liabilities				
i) Other financial liabilities	5	14,374	14,375	-
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILTIES		476,339	499,886	-
Significant accounting policies	1			
Notes on financial statements	1-13			

As per our report of even date
For Pathak H. D. & Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No.107783W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mukesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No. 43495

Satyapal Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00011774)

Anand Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00003514)

Virendra Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00077662)

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29th May 2017

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2017

(Amount in Rs)

	Particulars	Note	For the year ended 31st March 2017	For the year ended 31st March 2016
I.	Other Income		-	-
II.	**Total Revenue**		**-**	**-**
III.	**Expenses:**			
	Other Expenses	6	23,546	14,490
	Total Expenses		**23,546**	**14,490**
IV.	**Loss Before Exceptional items and Tax (II-III)**		**(23,546)**	**(14,490)**
V.	Exceptional items		-	-
VI.	**Loss Before Tax (IV-V)**		**(23,546)**	**(14,490)**
VII.	**Tax Expense:**			
	(i) Current Tax		-	-
	(ii) Deferred Tax Expenses/(Credit)		-	-
VIII.	**Net Loss After Tax (VI-VII)**		**(23,546)**	**(14,490)**
IX.	**Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)**		-	-
X.	**Total Comprehensive Income for the year (VIII+IX)**		**(23,546)**	**(14,490)**
XI.	**Earnings per Equity Share:**	7		
	Basic & Diluted (in Rs.)		(0.47)	(0.29)
	Face Value per Share (in $)		1	1
	Significant Accounting Policies	1		
	Notes on Financial Statements	1-13		

As per our report of even date
For Pathak H. D. & Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No.107783W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mukesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No. 43495

Satyapal Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00011774)

Anand Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00003514)

Virendra Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00077662)

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29th May 2017

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st March, 2017

Statement of changes in equity (Amount in Rs)

Equity share capital	Number of shares	Amount
As at 1st April 2015	**-**	**-**
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31st March 2016	**50,000**	**500,000**
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31st March 2017	**50,000**	**500,000**

Other equity

2015-16 **(Amount in Rs)**

Particulars	Reserves and surplus	Total
	Retained earnings	
Opening balance as at 1st April 2015	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		
Loss for the year	(14,490)	(14,490)
Closing balance as at 31st March 2016	**(14,490)**	**(14,490)**

2016-17 (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	Reserves and surplus	Total
	Retained earnings	
Opening balance as at 1st April 2016	(14,490)	(14,490)
Total comprehensive income for the year		
Loss for the year	(23,546)	(23,546)
Closing balance as at 31st March 2017	**(38,036)**	**(38,036)**

As per our report of even date
For Pathak H. D. & Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No.107783W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Satyapal Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00011774)

Anand Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00003514)

Mukesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No. 43495

Virendra Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00077662)

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29th May 2017

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2017

(Amount in Rs)

	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2017		For the year ended 31st March 2016	
A.	**CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES**				
	Net Loss before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss		(23,546)		(14,490)
			-		-
	Operating Profit/(Loss) before Working Capital Changes		**(23,546)**		**(14,490)**
	Adjusted for :				
	Trade and Other Payables		(1)		14,375
	Cash generated from operations		**(23,547)**		**(115)**
	Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		**(23,547)**		**(115)**
B.	**CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES**				
	Net Cash From/(used in) Investing Activities		**-**		**-**
C.	**CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES**				
	Proceeds from Share Capital		-		500,000
	Net Cash (used in) Financing Activities		**-**		**500,000**
	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)		**(23,547)**		**499,886**
	Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		499,886		-
	Closing balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		**476,339**		**499,886**
	Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents:				
	Balances with Banks in Current Accounts		476,339		499,886

1 Bracket indicates cash outflow.
2 Previous year figures have been regrouped, reclassified and rearranged wherever necessary
3 The above statement of cash flow has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Ind AS 7 on Statement of Cash Flow

As per our report of even date
For Pathak H. D. & Associates
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No.107783W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mukesh Mehta
Partner
Membership No. 43495

Satyapal Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00011774)

Anand Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00003514)

Virendra Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00077662)

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29th May 2017

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Company Information

Jai Corp Welfare Foundation ('the Company') is a company limited by shares and is domiciled in India. The Company's registered office is at **11B, Wing, Mittal Tower, Free Press Journal Marg, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021**. These financial statements are the separate financial statements of the company. The company is primarily involved in Corporate Social welfare

Basis of Preparation

The separate financial Statements have been prepared to comply in all material aspects with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 as per Companies (Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder. Till the year ended 31st March 2016 the financial statement of the company have been prepared as Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder. These are the first Ind AS Financial statements of the company. As per the principles of Ind AS 101, the transition date to Ind AS is 1st April 2015 and hence the comparatives for the previous year ended 31st March 2016 and balances as on 1st April 2015 have been restated as per the principles of Ind AS.

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on accrual basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

1 Significant accounting policies

a Income taxes

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

b Investments and financial assets

Classification

The company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:
• those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
• those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset at its fair value except investments in subsidiaries and associates plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Measurement of debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the company classifies its debt instruments:

• **Amortised cost:** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost, is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

• **Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

• **Fair value through profit or loss:** Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss, is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses) in the year in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Measurement of equity instruments

The company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value except invevestments in subsidiaries and associates. Where the company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised in profit or loss as other income when the company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are recognised as other gain/ (losses) in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Impairment of financial assets

The company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when

• The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or

• retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

c Borrowings and other financial liabilities

Borrowings and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs incurred). Difference between the fair value and the transaction proceeds on initial is recognised as an asset / liability based on the underlying reason for the difference.

Subsequently all financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method

Preference shares which are redeemable on a specific date are classified as a financial liability. Dividends on preference shares are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss. The gain / loss is recognised in other equity in case of transaction with shareholders.

d Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event. It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using equivalent period government securities interest rate. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Contingent assets are not recognised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset.

e Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss as finance costs.

f Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders' and weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholder' and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year including share options, convertible preference shares and debentures, except where the result would be anti-dilutive. Potential equity shares that are converted during the year are included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share, from the beginning of the year or date of issuance of such potential equity shares, to the date of conversion.

g Cash and cash equivalents

	For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Note 2 - Cash and Bank Balances (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 01 April 2015
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Balances with Banks in Current Accounts	476,339	499,886	-
Total	476,339	499,886	-

2.1 For the purpose of the statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalnets comprise the (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 01 April 2015
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Balances with Banks in Current Accounts	476,339	499,886	-
Total	476,339	499,886	-

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Note 2 - Cash and Bank Balances (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 01 April 2015
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Balances with Banks in Current Accounts	476,339	499,886	-
Total	476,339	499,886	-

2.1 For the purpose of the statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalnets comprise the (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 01 April 2015
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Balances with Banks in Current Accounts	476,339	499,886	-
Total	476,339	499,886	-

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Note 3 - Equity share capital

(Amount in Rs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
Authorised:			
1,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
(1,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each as at 31st March 2016 and Nil as at 1st April, 2015)			
Total	1,000,000	1,000,000	-

Issued, Subscribed & Paid-up:			
50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	500,000	500,000	-
(50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each as at 31st March 2016 and Nil as at 1st April, 2015)			
Total	500,000	500,000	-

3.1 Reconciliation of number of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

Particulars	2016-17		2015-16		2014-15	
	(In Nos.)	(Figures in Rs)	(In Nos.)	(Figures in Rs)	(In Nos.)	(Figures in Rs)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	50,000	500,000	-	-	-	-
Shares Issued	-	-	50,000	500,000	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	50,000	500,000	50,000	500,000	-	-

3.2 Terms / Rights attached to the Equity Shares

Holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by shareholders.

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Note 4 - Other equity

(Amount in Rs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	(14,490)	-
Add: Net profit for the year	(23,546)	(14,490)
Closing balance	**(38,036)**	**(14,490)**
Nature and Purpose - Retained earnings represent the accumulated profits / losses made by the company over the years.		

(Amount in Rs)

Total other equity as at 31st March 2017	
1-Apr-15	-
31-Mar-16	(14,490)
31-Mar-17	(38,036)

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Note 5 - Other current financial liabilities (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
Other payables	14,374	14,375	-
Total	**14,374**	**14,375**	**-**

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Note 6 - Other expenses

(Amount in Rs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2017	For the year ended 31st March 2016
Rates & Taxes	2,041	-
Legal, professional and consultancy charges	6,900	-
Payment to Auditors - Audit Fees	14,375	14,375
Bank Charges	230	115
Total	**23,546**	**14,490**

Note 7 - Earnings per share

(Amount in Rs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2017	For the year ended 31st March 2016
Net Profit / (loss) after tax for the year (Rs.)	(23,546)	(14,490)
Profit / loss attributable to equity share holders (Rs.)	**(23,546)**	**(14,490)**
Weighted Average Number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Basic & Diluted EPS (In Nos)	50,000	50,000
Basic & Diluted Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	(0.47)	(0.29)
Face Value per Share (Rs.)	10	10

Reconciliation between number of shares used for calculating basic and diluted earning per share

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2017	For the year ended 31st March 2016
Number of Shares Used for calculating Basic EPS	50,000	50,000
Add:- Potential Equity Shares on conversion (Weighted)	-	-
Number of Shares used for Calculating Diluted EPS	**50,000**	**50,000**

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Note 8 Fair value measurements

Financial instruments by category:

(Amount in Rs)

	As at 31st March 2017			As at 31st March 2016			As at 1st April 2015		
Particulars	**FVOCI**	**FVTPL**	**Amortised cost**	**FVOCI**	**FVTPL**	**Amortised cost**	**FVOCI**	**FVTPL**	**Amortised cost**
Financial assets									
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	476,339	-	-	499,886	-	-	-
Security deposits						-			-
Total financial assets	**-**	**-**	**476,339**	**-**	**-**	**499,886**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Financial liabilities									
Current liabilities									
Other financial liabilities	-	-	14,374	-	-	14,375	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	**-**	**-**	**14,374**	**-**	**-**	**14,375**	**-**	**-**	**-**

Fair value hierarchy

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the group has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Level 1: hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments that have quoted price and financial instruments like Mutual Funds for which NAV is published by Mutual Fund Operator. The fair value of all equity instruments which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period and Mutual Fund are valued using the Closing NAV.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. Instruments in the level 2 category for the company include forward exchange contract derivatives.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in this level. Instruments in level 3 category for the company include unquoted equity shares and FCCDs, unquoted units of mutual funds and unquoted units of venture capital funds.

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017

9 **Financial risk management**

The company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and Market risk.

A **Credit risk**

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents carried at amortised cost.

Credit risk management

To manage the credit risk bank balances are held with only high rated banks.

B **Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. For the Company, liquidity risk arises from obligations on account of financial liabilities – borrowings and other financial liabilities.

Liquidity risk management

The Company's corporate treasury department is responsible for liquidity and funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

Maturities of financial liabilities

As at 31st March 2017 (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
Non-current borrowings					-
Current borrowings					-
Trade payables					-
Other current financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**

As at 31st March 2016 (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
Non-current borrowings				-	**-**
Rental deposits received			-		**-**
Trade payables	-				**-**
Other current financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**

As at 1st April 2015 (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
Non-current borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Current maturities of non-current borrowing	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-				-
Other current financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017

10	**Capital Management**

10.1 Risk management

For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, all other equity reserves and debts. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise shareholders value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Company monitors capital using net gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital (equity plus net debt). Net debt are non-current and current debts as reduced by cash and cash equivalents. Equity comprises all components including other comprehensive income.

The capital composition is as follows: (Amount in Rs)

	31st March, 2017	**31st March, 2016**	**1st April, 2015**
Total debts	-	-	-
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	476,339	499,886	-
Net Debts	(476,339)	(499,886)	-
Total equity	461,965	485,511	-
Total Capital (Net Debt plus Total Equity)	(14,374)	(14,375)	-
Net Gearing Ratio	**33.14**	**34.77**	**-**

11 Related Party Disclosure

11.1 As per Ind AS 24 "Related party Disclosures", disclosure of transactions with the related parties as defined in the Accounting Standard are given below:-

(A) List of related parties and relationship.

Holding Company

Jai Corp Limited

11.2 Transactions during the year with related parties :

(Amount in Rs)

Nature of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	2016-17	2015-16
Equity Shares issued	Jai Corp Limited	-	500,000

(Amount in Rs)

Nature of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March, 2016	As at 1st April, 2015
Equity Shares	Jai Corp Limited	500,000	500,000	-

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017

12	**First time adoption of Ind AS**
A	**First Ind AS Financial statements**
	These are the company's first separate financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS applicable. The accounting policies set out in note 1 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017, the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2016 and in the preparation of an opening Ind AS balance sheet at 1st April 2015 (the date of transition). In preparing its opening Ind AS balance sheet, the Group has adjusted the amounts reported previously in financial statements prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Act (previous GAAP or Indian GAAP). An explanation of how the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS has affected the company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows is as follows:
i	**Mandatory exceptions applied**
	Estimates An entity's estimates in accordance with Ind ASs at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error. Ind AS estimates as at 1st April 2015 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with previous GAAP except where Ind AS required a different basis for estimates as compared to the previous GAAP. **De-recognition of financial assets and liabilities** Ind AS 101 requires a first-time adopter to apply the de-recognition provisions of Ind AS 109 prospectively for transactions occurring on or after the date of transition to Ind AS. However, Ind AS 101 allows a first-time adopter to apply the de-recognition requirements in Ind AS 109 retrospectively from a date of the entity's choosing, provided that the information needed to apply Ind AS 109 to financial assets and financial liabilities derecognised as a result of past transactions was obtained at the time of initially accounting for those transactions. The company has applied the de-recognition provisions of Ind AS 109 prospectively from the date of transition to Ind AS. **Classification and measurement of financial assets** Ind AS 101 requires an entity to assess classification and measurement of financial assets (investment in debt instruments) on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS.

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

12.1 Balance sheet as at 31st March 2016

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	IGAAP as at 31st March, 2016	GAAP adjustments	Ind AS as at 31st March, 2016
I. ASSETS			
2 Current assets			
a) Financial assets			
i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	499,886	-	499,886
TOTAL	**499,886**	**-**	**499,886**
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	500,000	-	500,000
b) Other equity	(14,490)	-	(14,490)
Liabilities			
1 Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Other financial liabilities	14,375	-	14,375
TOTAL	**499,886**	**-**	**499,886**

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017

12.2 Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2016

(Amount in Rs.)

Sl. No.	Particulars	IGAAP as at 31st March, 2016	GAAP adjustments	Ind AS as at 31st March, 2016
I.	Other Income	-	-	-
II.	**Total Revenue**	**-**	**-**	**-**
III.	Expenses:			
	Finance Costs	-	-	-
	Other Expenses	14,490	-	14,490
	Total Expenses	**14,490**	**-**	**14,490**
IV.	**Loss Before Exceptional items and Tax (II-III)**	**(14,490)**	**-**	**(14,490)**
V.	Exceptional items	-	-	-
VI.	**Loss Before Tax (IV-V)**	**(14,490)**	**-**	**(14,490)**
VII.	Tax Expense:			
	(i) Deferred Tax Expenses/(Credit)	-	-	-
VIII.	**Net Loss After Tax (VI-VII)**	**(14,490)**	**-**	**(14,490)**
IX.	**Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)**	-	-	-
X.	**Total Comprehensive Income for the year (VIII+IX)**	**(14,490)**	**-**	**(14,490)**

JAI CORP WELFARE FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017

B Reconciliations of Other equity reported under previous GAAP to equity under Ind AS

(Amount in Rs)

Sr.no	Particulars	Other Equity as at 31st March 2016	Other Equity as at 1st April 2015
	Other Equity as per previous Indian GAAP	**(14,490)**	**-**
	Other Equity as per Ind AS	**(14,490)**	**-**

Reconciliation of profit reported under previous GAAP to profit under Ind AS

(Amount in Rs)

Sr.no	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2016
	Net Loss as per previous Indian GAAP	**(14,490)**
	Net Loss after tax as per Ind AS	(14,490)
	Total comprehensive income as per Ind AS	**(14,490)**

Impact of Ind AS adoption on the statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st March 2016 -

All the adjustments on account of Ind AS are non - cash in nature and hence, there is no material impact on the cash flows in the cash flow statement.

Note 13 Segment Reporting

There is no separate reportable segment as per Ind AS 108, and hence no segment information has been given

As per our report of even date

For Pathak H. D. & Associates

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No.107783W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mukesh Mehta

Partner

Membership No. 43495

Satyapal Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00011774)

Anand Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00003514)

Virendra Jain
(Director)
(DIN 00077662)

Place : Mumbai

Date : 29th May 2017